FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Goleta Sanitary District Goleta, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Goleta Sanitary District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Goleta Sanitary District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13, the Schedule of Funding Progress for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions on page 36, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 37, and the Schedule of Pension Contributions on page 38, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Goleta Sanitary District's 2015 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 27, 2015. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, is consistent in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report December 12, 2016, on our consideration of the Goleta Sanitary District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moss, Renz & Haugheim LLP

Santa Maria, California December 12, 2016

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Goleta Sanitary District, we offer readers of the Goleta Sanitary District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Goleta Sanitary District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audit report.

## Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Goleta Sanitary District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$92,275,481 and \$91,375,632 at the close of the June 30, 2016 and 2015 fiscal year, respectively. Of this amount, \$11,062,473 and \$9,131,736 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 respectively may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's total net position increased by \$899,849 as of June 30, 2016 and decreased by \$1,466,118 as of June 30, 2015. The prior year decrease in net position reflects the reporting for FY14-15 of a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$2,862,433 related to the CalPERS pension liability as required and clarified by the CalPERS GASB 68 report during past fiscal year.
- When operating and non-operating revenues are combined, less operating expenses, results in income in the amount of \$420,255 for FY15-16, and amount of \$880,942 in FY14-15.
- Capital contributions were made to the District in the amount of \$479,594 and \$515,373 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- The District is not carrying any debt as the prior Outfall State Revolving Loan debt was paid in full in FY14-15.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Goleta Sanitary District's basic financial statements. The Goleta Sanitary District's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) government-wide financial statements, and 2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Goleta Sanitary District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Goleta Sanitary District's is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave, or compensated absences).

The Goleta Sanitary District has only business type activities. The business-type activity of the District is the provision of sanitation services to the community.

The financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of the audit report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Goleta Sanitary District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The various funds are presented in the accompanying financial statements as a proprietary fund category, enterprise fund type.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-38 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Goleta Sanitary District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Goleta Sanitary District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$92,275,481 and \$91,375,632 at the close of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

By far the largest portion of the Goleta Sanitary District's net position, \$75,100,179 (81.4 percent) and \$76,917,588 (84.2 percent) as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Goleta Sanitary District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Goleta Sanitary District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

### GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S NET ASSETS

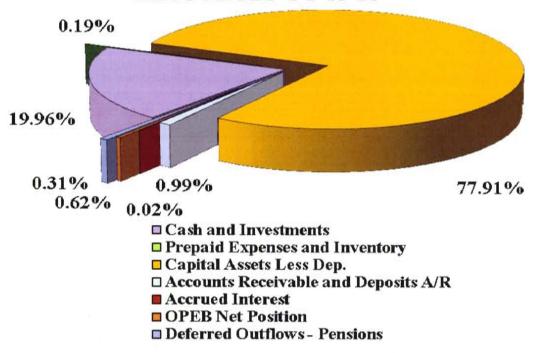
	_Ju	ane 30, 2016	_Ju	ine 30, 2015	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2014
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	\$	14,584,352 81,213,008	\$	12,704,614 82,243,896	\$	11,311,310 82,457,620
Total Assets	\$	95,797,360	\$	94,948,510	\$	93,768,930
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	597,264	\$	398,231	\$	
Current liabilities	\$	775,647	\$	293,467	\$	493,119
Noncurrent Liabilities	_	2,894,962	_	2,877,422	-	434,061
Total Liabilities	\$	3,670,609	\$	3,170,909	\$	927,180
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	448,534	\$	800,200	\$	
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	75,100,179	\$	76,917,588	\$	78,998,076
Restricted		6,112,829		5,326,308		3,311,531
Unrestricted	_	11,062,473	_	9,131,736	_	10,532,143
Total Net Position	\$	92,275,481	\$	91,375,632	\$	92,841,750

An additional portion of the Goleta Sanitary District's net position, \$6,112,829 (6.6%) and \$5,326,308 (5.8%) as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$11,062,473 and \$9,131,736 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

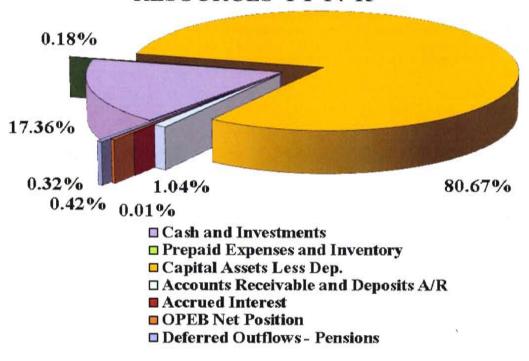
At the end of the current fiscal year, the Goleta Sanitary District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior two fiscal years.

Charts comparing the Assets and Liabilities of the last two fiscal years are represented on the following two pages.

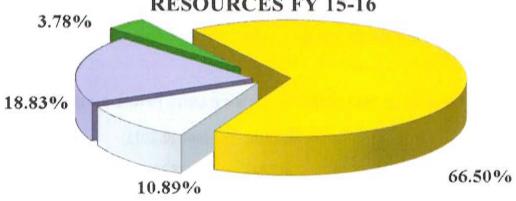
# ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES FY 15-16



## ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES FY 14-15

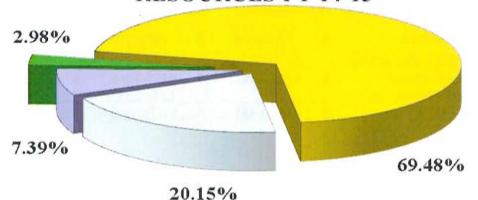






- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
- ■Accrued compensation
- Net pension Liability
   Deferred Inflows Pensions

# LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF **RESOURCES FY 14-15**



- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued compensation
- Net pension Liability
- □ Deferred Inflows Pensions

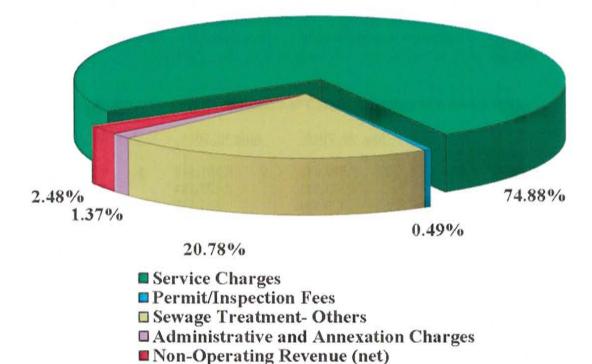
**Business-type activities.** The business-type activities increased the Goleta Sanitary District's net position by \$899,849 and \$1,396,315 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The Key elements are as follows: operating and nonoperating revenues exceeded operating and non-operating expenses by \$420,255 as of June 30, 2016 whereas operating and non-operating expenses exceeded operating and nonoperating revenues by \$880,942 as of June 30, 2015. Capital contributions to the District's system totaled \$479,594 and \$515,373 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This is a net decrease of \$35,779 in Capital contributions as of June 30, 2016 and there was a net decrease of \$721,941 as of June 30, 2015. The total revenues exceeded expenses during the 2015-2016 fiscal year. The District's construction in progress value has been recorded as capitalized amounts as detailed in Note 4 on page 26.

## GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION

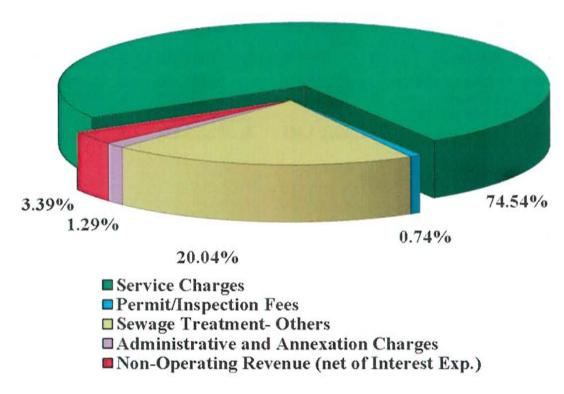
	Ju	me 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Ju	ine 30, 2014
Revenues:			Part State of State o		( ·	
Service Charges	\$	7,882,042	\$	8,351,344	\$	8,215,356
Other Operating		2,383,521		2,472,384		2,220,618
Capital Contributions		479,594		515,373		1,237,314
Non-operating		287,162	į.	380,321	_	(1,981,477)
Total Revenues	\$	11,032,319	\$	11,719,422	\$	9,691,811
Expenses:						
Sewer Collection	\$	1,696,881	\$	1,778,727	\$	1,761,739
Sewage Treatment		6,409,674		6,387,424		5,322,160
Plant Pump Station		124,978		153,283		146,754
Sewage Disposal		107,024		114,877		116,167
Administrative		1,076,231		1,178,918		793,601
Wastewater Reclamation		693,235		708,842		732,840
Non-operating	_	24,447	-	1,036	_	5,152
Total Expenses	\$	10,132,470	\$	10,323,107	\$	8,878,413
Increase in Net Position	\$	899,849	\$	1,396,315	\$	813,398
Net Position - Beginning of Year		91,375,632	9	92,841,750		92,442,241
Net before adjustment	\$	92,275,481	\$	94,238,065	\$	93,255,639
Prior Period Adjustments <sup>1</sup>	227	n -ch/ sasantassas		(2,862,433)		(413,889)
Net Position – End of Year	\$	92,275,481	\$	91,375,632	\$	92,841,750

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Net Position was adjusted for a prior period adjustments related to the long term CalPERS Retirement Liability as a result of the CalPERS' GASB 68 report.

## **REVENUES FY 15-16**



# **REVENUES FY 14-15**



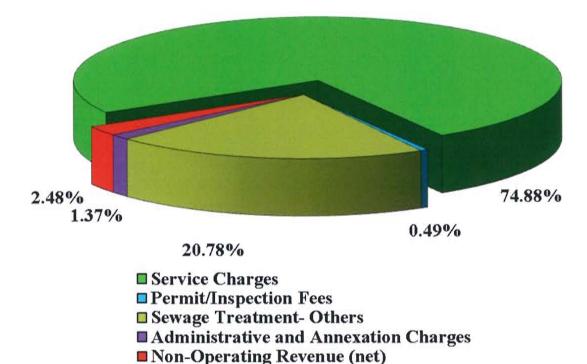
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## GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION

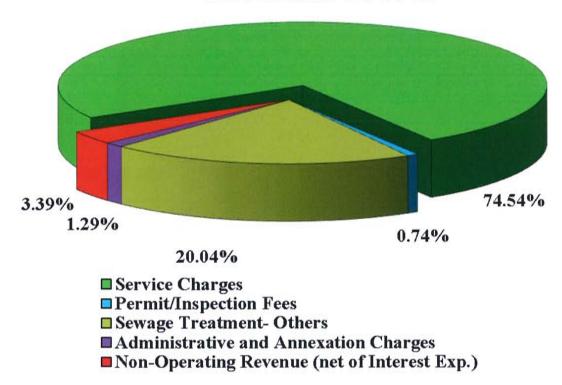
	Ju	ne 30, 2016	_Ju	ne 30, 2015	Ju	me 30, 2014
Revenues:						
Service Charges	\$	7,882,042	\$	8,351,344	\$	8,215,356
Other Operating		2,383,521		2,472,384		2,220,618
Capital Contributions		479,594		515,373		1,237,314
Non-operating	_	287,162	_	380,321	_	(1,981,477)
Total Revenues	\$	11,032,319	\$	11,719,422	\$	9,691,811
Expenses:						
Sewer Collection	\$	1,696,881	\$	1,778,727	\$	1,761,739
Sewage Treatment		6,409,674		6,387,424		5,322,160
Plant Pump Station		124,978		153,283		146,754
Sewage Disposal		107,024		114,877		116,167
Administrative		1,076,231		1,178,918		793,601
Wastewater Reclamation		693,235		708,842		732,840
Non-operating	_	24,447	_	1,036	_	5,152
Total Expenses	\$	10,132,470	\$	10,323,107	\$	8,878,413
Increase in Net Position	\$	899,849	\$	1,396,315	\$	813,398
Net Position - Beginning of Year		91,375,632		92,841,750		92,442,241
Net before adjustment	\$	92,275,481	\$	94,238,065	\$	93,255,639
Prior Period Adjustments <sup>1</sup>			N/T /	(2,862,433)	100	(413,889)
Net Position – End of Year	\$	92,275,481	\$	91,375,632	\$	92,841,750

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Net Position was adjusted for a prior period adjustments related to the long term CalPERS Retirement Liability as a result of the CalPERS' GASB 68 report.

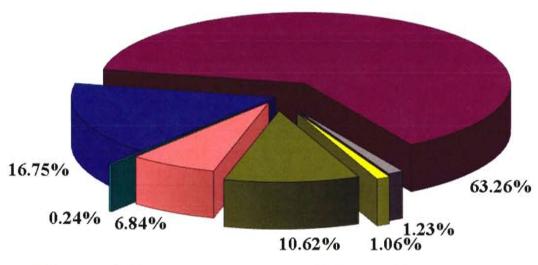
# **REVENUES FY 15-16**



# **REVENUES FY 14-15**

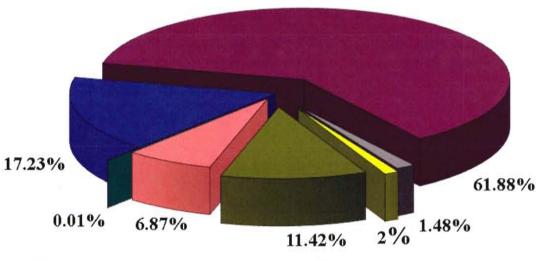


# **EXPENSES FY 15-16**



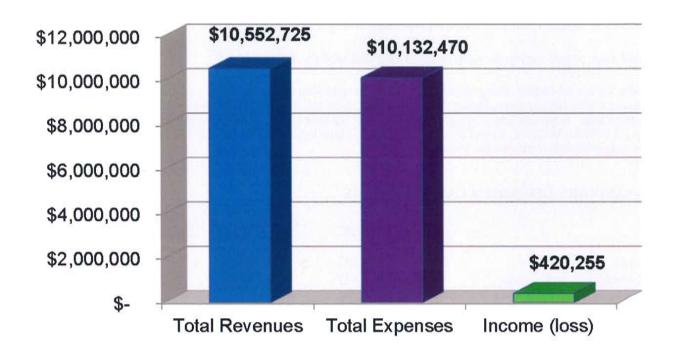
- **■** Sewage Collection
- **■Plant Pump Station**
- ■Administrative and General
- Non-operating Expenses
- **■** Sewage Treatment
- **□** Sewage Disposal
- Reclamation

# **EXPENSES FY 14-15**

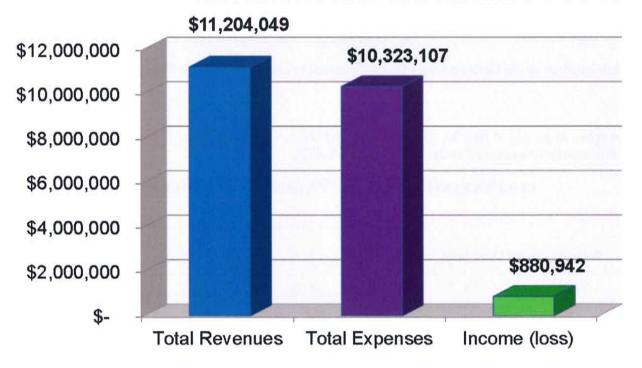


- **■** Sewage Collection
- Plant Pump Station
- ■Administrative and General
- **■** Non-operating Expenses
- **■** Sewage Treatment
- Sewage Disposal
- Reclamation

## **REVENUES AND EXPENSES FY 15-16**



# **REVENUES AND EXPENSES FY 14-15**



## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital Assets.** The Goleta Sanitary District's investment in capital assets for its business type activities as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 amounts to \$75,100,179 and \$76,917,588 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Purchase of a Vactor jet-rodder, three smart covers, exterior painting and metal door replacements, Digester #2 rehab, Sweeper motor replacement, Boiler #2 replacement. Doors replaced and Reclamation had hauling improvements made. Construction in progress projects still include the three ongoing job for the Collections department - La Ramada Drive, Vega Drive and Cathedral Oaks bypass as well as the Diesel Tank replacement and asset management program for the Plant.

#### GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	_J	une 30, 2016	_J	une 30, 2015	Ju	ine 30, 2014
Land	\$	327,243	\$	327,243	\$	327,243
Construction in Progress		806,837		302,207		150,347
Collection Facilities		23,063,296		23,025,225		22,529,343
Treatment Facilities		68,536,536		68,086,640		67,848,328
Disposal Facilities		3,743,731		3,743,731		3,743,731
Admin Facilities and all vehicles		3,415,649		2,993,230		2,964,049
Wastewater Reclamation		15,134,534	_	15,083,847	<del>!</del>	14,966,485
Total	\$	115,027,826	\$	113,562,123	\$_	112,529,526
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(39,927,647)	\$	(36,644,535)	\$	(33,383,437)
Net Capital Assets	\$_	75,100,179	\$	76,917,588	\$	79,146,089

Additional information on the Goleta Sanitary District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 26 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Goleta Sanitary District did not hold any current or long-term debt besides compensated absences and pension liability.

## GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

	20	016	2	015		2014
State Revolving Fund Loan	\$	0	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	148,013
Total	\$	0	\$	0	\$	148,013

The Goleta Sanitary District's total debt decreased by \$148,013 (100%) during June 30, 2014 due to the final principal payment on the District's only recent debt, the State Revolving Fund Loan.

Additional information on the Goleta Sanitary District's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 on page 27 of this report.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District sets its user rate schedule to cover the total O&M costs and accommodate an annual contribution to its depreciation reserve fund. After completion of the plant upgrade project the District reduced it sewer service rate by \$2.12/ERU/month in FY 2015-16. The reduced rate includes \$4.08 per month per ERU to pay off the interfund loans used to finance the District's Plant Upgrading Project and \$4.24 per month per ERU to fund other capital improvements. The District will continue to review and adjust its sewer service rates in the future to accommodate increased O&M costs due to inflation.

### Other Post Employment Benefits

The District provides other post employment benefits (OPEB) through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit fund which is administered by CalPERS. In 2008, the District joined the CalPERS medical program. An actuarial was performed in 2015-2016 fiscal year to determine the District's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) to the OPEB Fund in order to meet the obligation of providing the Retiree Medical Insurance. The actuarial report prepared during Fiscal Year 2015-2016 reported an ARC of \$290,853 for FY15-16 and the prior actuarial report prepared in FY13-14 reported an ARC of \$186,049 for FY14-15. The District paid \$167,676 to CERBT, towards the annual liability and paid a sum of \$103,294 to the retirees as reimbursement and directly to CalPERS for the Retiree health insurance coverage. A total of \$270,970 in payments is credited towards the ARC for fiscal 2015-16.

The Actuarial Report noted that the total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued liability as of July 1, 2015 was \$2,093,987 as defined by the actuarial analysis dated March 4, 2016. Any payments above the annual required contribution (ARC) level will bring this liability lower.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Goleta Sanitary District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the General Manager, Goleta Sanitary District, One William Moffett Place, Goleta, CA 93117.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ENTERPISE FUND

June 30, 2016

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015

		2016		2015
Assets				
Current:	929		120	tarar muna aura
Cash and investments	\$	13,433,073	\$	11,536,576
Receivables:		10011010311102110553		
Accounts		956,821		992,590
Accrued interest		15,450		6,950
Inventories		119,207		117,479
Prepaid expenses		59,801		51,019
Total Current Assets	-	14,584,352		12,704,614
Noncurrent:				
Restricted:				
Cash and investments		5,802,647		5,019,198
Accrued interest receivable		7,585		3,146
Net OPEB Asset		302,597		303,964
Capital assets - net		75,100,179		76,917,588
Total Noncurrent Assets		81,213,008		82,243,896
Total Assets		95,797,360		94,948,510
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pensions		597,264		398,231
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		597,264		398,231
Liabilities				
Current:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		775,647		293,467
Total Current Liabilities		775,647		293,467
Noncurrent:				
Accrued compensation		155,861		118,232
Net pension liability		2,739,101		2,759,210
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,894,962		2,877,442
Total Liabilities		3,670,609		3,170,909
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pensions		448,534		800,200
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		448,534		800,200
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		75,100,179		76,917,588
Restricted		6,112,829		5,326,308
Unrestricted		11,062,473		9,131,736
Total Net Position	\$	92,275,481	\$	91,375,632
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -

ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2016	2015
Operating Revenues:		
Service charges	\$ 7,882,042	\$ 8,351,344
Permit and inspection fees	51,496	82,568
Sewage treatment-other agencies	2,187,789	2,245,637
Administrative charges	144,236	144,179
Total operating revenues	10,265,563	10,823,728
Operating Expenses:		
Sewage collection	1,696,881	1,778,727
Sewage treatment	6,409,674	6,387,424
Plant pump station	124,978	153,283
Sewage disposal	107,024	114,877
Administrative and general	1,076,231	1,178,918
Wastewater reclamation	693,235	708,842
Total operating expenses	10,108,023	10,322,071
Operating income (loss)	157,540	501,657
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Property tax	142,920	133,488
Intergovernmental	782	508
Investment earnings	79,708	35,558
Interest expense	(2,022)	(1,036)
Annexation charges	200	44,952
Reimbursements from participating agencies	4,310	68,493
Other	59,242	97,322
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(22,425)	B-MSGEEP
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	262,715	379,285
Income (loss) before capital contributions	420,255	880,942
Capital contributions	479,594	515,373
Change in net position	899,849	1,396,315
Net position, beginning of fiscal year	91,375,632	92,841,750
Prior period adjustment	*   *	(2,862,433)
Net position, beginning of fiscal year - restated	91,375,632	89,979,317
Net position, end of fiscal year	\$ 92,275,481	\$ 91,375,632

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2016		2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	10.001.000		10.504.500
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	10,301,332	\$	10,736,788
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(2,491,008)		(2,736,768)
Fayments to employees	-	(4,389,011)	-	(4,443,753)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,421,313	_	3,556,267
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Property taxes		142,920		133,488
Intergovernmental		782		508
Reimbursements from other governments		4,310		68,493
Annexation charges		200		44,952
Other revenue		59,242		97,322
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		207,454		344,763
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions		450 504		616.050
		479,594		515,373
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,493,162)		(1,032,597)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(2,022)		(148,013)
interest paid on long-term debt		(2,022)	_	(4,144)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(1,015,590)		(669,381)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received		66,769		31,828
Net cash provided by investing activities		66,769	-	31,828
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,679,946		3,263,477
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		16,555,774		13,292,297
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	19,235,720	\$	16,555,774
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and investments	\$	13,433,073	ø	11 526 576
Restricted cash and investments	Φ		\$	11,536,576
Restricted easif and investments		5,802,647	_	5,019,198
	\$	19,235,720	\$	16,555,774

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2016		2015
Reconciliation to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	•			
Operating income	\$	157,540	\$	501,657
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		3,288,146		3,261,098
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:				
Accounts receivable		35,769		(86,940)
Inventory		(1,728)		(11,808)
Prepaid expenses		(8,782)		5,473
Deferred outflows		(199,033)		(48,811)
Accounts payables		482,180		22,993
Net OPEB obligation		1,367		(47,599)
Compensated absences		37,629		(14,420)
Net pension liability		(20,109)		(825,576)
Deferred inflows		(351,666)	_	800,200
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,421,313	\$	3,556,267

#### **NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY**

The Goleta Sanitary District (District) was formed in 1942 to provide sewage service for the unincorporated community of Goleta. In 2002, the City of Goleta was incorporated as a general law city of the State of California. The original plant site was owned by the District and the University of California at Santa Barbara. The District is now the sole owner of the plant and the site.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The basic financial statements of the Goleta Sanitary District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("USGAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted setting body for governmental accounting financial reporting purposes.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses. This system permits separate accounting for each established fund for purposes of complying with applicable legal provisions, Board of Director's ordinances and resolutions and other requirements. Also, the accounts have been maintained in accordance with the California State Controller's uniform system of accounts.

The District reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the District is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The enterprise fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from those revenues and expenses that are non-operating. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated by wastewater services while operating expenses pertain directly to the furnishing of those services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are those revenues and expenses generated that are not directly associated with the normal business of supplying wastewater treatment services.

The District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for proprietary operations. It does not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

#### B. Plant Capacity Rights

In 1950, the District entered into an agreement with the University of California at Santa Barbara for the construction and mutual use of a treatment plant and sewer lines. Since that time three other agencies have acquired capacity rights in the sewage treatment facilities.

For the fiscal year, agreements were in effect for the following capacity rights:

Capacity Rights in Plant	Capacity Rights In Ocean Outfall Line
47.87%	55.81%
40.78%	35.00%
7.09%	4.70%
2.84%	2.60%
1.42%	1.89%
100.00%	100.00%
	in Plant  47.87%  40.78%  7.09%  2.84%  1.42%

#### C. Budgetary Procedures

Budgetary information is not presented because the District is not legally required to adopt a budget. Although not legally required, an annual budget is prepared, which includes estimates for the District's principal income sources to be received during the fiscal year, as well as estimated expenses and cash reserves needed for operations.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

For purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity period, at purchase, of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

As a governmental entity other than an external investment pool in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the District's investments are stated at fair value except for interest-earning investment contracts.

### E. Prepaid Costs

Payments to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2016, are recorded as prepaid items. The District utilizes the consumption method of accounting for purchases, and accounts for prepaid costs in the period that the benefit was received and recognizes expenses as consumed.

#### F. Inventories

Inventories are priced using the lower of cost or market method, determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories consist of expendable supplies, spare parts and fittings.

## G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the District's enterprise fund. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500.

As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the District values these capital assets at the original estimate.

Construction in Progress – The District occasionally constructs capital assets for its own use in the plant operations and within its sewer collection system. The costs associated within these projects are accumulated in a construction in progress account while the project is being developed. Once the project is completed, the entire cost of the constructed assets are transferred to the capital assets account and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the capital assets.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, if material. For the current fiscal year, no interest was capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

Collection Lines50 yearsBuildings40 yearsPumping and Treatment Equipment10-25 yearsOffice Equipment3-10 years

#### H. Compensated Absences Liability

Employees are entitled to accumulate vacation leave at a rate of two, three, four, or five weeks per year, depending on the number of years of service completed. Vacation leave is fully vested and any unused leave will be paid to employees upon termination of employment. Employees are also entitled to accumulate comp time when they work overtime, they are called back to work, or they are on standby. The rates of the accrual vary by employees and no employee can accumulate more than 40 hours.

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the liability is reflected on the Statement of Net Position and the current year allocation has been expensed. The balance at June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$155,861 and \$118,232, respectively. The full amount is shown as a noncurrent liability because it is not expected to be paid out within the next year.

#### I. Restricted Assets

Amounts shown as restricted assets have been restricted by either bond indenture, by law, or contractual obligations to be used for specified purposes, such as servicing bonded debt and construction of capital assets.

## J. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent utility plant additions contributed to the District by property owners, other agencies, or developers. Depreciation of contributed utility plant assets are charged to operations.

#### K. Uncollectible Accounts

Uncollectible accounts are determined using the allowance method based upon prior experience and management's assessment of the collectability of existing specific accounts.

### L. Property Taxes

Tax levies are limited to 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Property taxes are attached annually on January 1 proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change of ownership.

Tax collections are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls, which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due February 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

The District does not receive a substantial amount of property taxes. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the District received \$142,920 and \$133,488, respectively. The District does not receive property tax from every parcel in its service area, only those parcels for which the property taxes were negotiated at the time it was annexed.

#### M. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by Management. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

### N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Goleta Sanitary District's California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has one item which qualify for reporting in this category; refer to Note 8 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows of resources the District has reported.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has one item which qualify for reporting in this category; refer to Note 8 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources the District has reported.

#### P. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets added to the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. Restricted net position is the portion of net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

## Q. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 74	"Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.
Statement No. 75	"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No. 77	"Tax Abatement Disclosures"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 78	"Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 79	"Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 80	"Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.
Statement No. 81	"Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.
Statement No. 82	"Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

## R. Comparative Data/Totals Only

Comparative total data for the prior fiscal year has been presented in certain accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the District's financial position, operations, and cash flows. Also, certain prior fiscal amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current fiscal year financial statements presentation.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

2016		2015
\$ 338	\$	338
1,579,087		1,056,942
17,656,295		15,498,494
\$ 19,235,720	\$	16,555,774
\$	\$ 338 1,579,087 17,656,295	1,579,087 17,656,295

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments listed above, are presented on the accompanying statement of net position, as follows:

	900-010	2016	2015
Cash and investments	\$	13,433,073	\$ 11,536,576
Restricted cash and investments	Victoria de la Contraction de	5,802,647	5,019,198
Total cash and investments	\$	19,235,720	\$ 16,555,774

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District had investments in the Santa Barbara County Investment Pool, however, this external pool is not measured under Level 1, 2 or 3.

#### Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Investment Type	Maturity	Percentage Of Portfolio	Investment in One Issuer
Investment Type	Wiaturity	Offoliono	III One issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	N/A	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase			
Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	5 years	15%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	N/A	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes or			
Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and Bonds for other Local			
California Agencies	5 years	None	None

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

				2016						
					R	emaining M	aturity (in	Months)		
		Carrying		12 Months		13-24		25-60	M	ore than
Investment Type	_	Amount	_	Or Less		Months		Months	60	) Months
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$	17,656,295	\$	17,656,295	\$	-	\$	#3	\$	
	\$	17,656,295	\$	17,656,295	\$	-	\$	7.	\$	7.
				2015						
					R	emaining M	aturity (in	Months)		
		Carrying		12 Months		13-24		25-60	M	ore than
Investment Type	_	Amount	_	Or Less		Months		Months	60	Months
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$	15,498,494	\$	15,498,494	\$	a i	\$	U.T.	\$	-
	\$	15,498,494	\$	15,498,494	\$	i i	\$		\$	4

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below, is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Carrying	Minimum Legal	2016		Rating as o	of Fiscal Ye	ar End			
Investment Type	Amount	Rating		AAA		A+		Baa	_	Not Rated
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$ 17,656,295	N/A	\$		\$	2	\$	12	\$	17,656,295
	\$ 17,656,295		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,656,295
	Carrying	Minimum Legal	2015		Katıng as o	of Fiscal Ye	ar End			
Investment Type	 Amount	Rating	_ =	AAA		A+		Baa	_	Not Rated
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$ 15,498,494	N/A	\$		\$	e	\$	×	s	15,498,494
# E E	\$ 15,498,494		\$		\$	*	\$		\$	15,498,494

## Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Collateral for Deposits

The collateral for certificates of deposit is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco as the third-party trustee. The securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. The State Public Administrative Office for public agencies and the Federal Home Loan Bank maintain detailed records of the security pool which are coordinated and updated weekly.

The Treasurer, at his or her discretion, may waive the 110% collateral requirement for deposits. Deposit accounts are insured up to \$250,000.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investment. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies to direct investments in marketable securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying basic financial statements at the amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. Each entity may invest up to \$50,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within twenty-four hours without loss of interest. Investments with LAIF are secured by the full faith and credit of the State of California.

LAIF's and the District's exposure to risk (credit, market or legal) is not currently available. Section 16429.3 states that "money placed with the State Treasurer for deposit in the LAIF shall not be subject to impoundment or seizure by any State official or State Agency.

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balar July 1,			Additions		Deletions	Transfers	Jı	Balance ine 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress		27,243 02,207	\$	- 685,927	\$	-	\$ (181,297)	\$	327,243 806,837
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 6	29,450	\$	685,927	\$		\$ (181,297)	\$	1,134,080
Capital assets being depreciated: Collection facilities Treatment facilities Disposal facilities General administrative facilities Wastewater reclamation facility	68,0 3,7 2,9	25,225 86,640 43,731 93,230 83,847	\$	14,974 319,155 422,419 50,687	\$	(27,459)	\$ 23,097 158,200	\$	23,063,296 68,536,536 3,743,731 3,415,649 15,134,534
		32,673		807,235	_	(27,459)	181,297	_	113,893,746
Less accumulated depreciation	36,6	44,535		3,288,146	_	5,034	 		39,927,647
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 76,2	88,138	\$	(2,480,911)	\$	(22,425)	\$ 181,297	\$	73,966,099
Net capital assets	\$ 76,9	17,588	\$	(1,794,984)	\$	(22,425)	\$ -	\$	75,100,179
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not			\$	Additions - 743,987	\$	Deletions -	\$ Transfers - (592,127)		Balance ane 30, 2015 327,243 302,207
being depreciated	\$ 4	77,590	\$	743,987	\$		\$ (592,127)	\$	629,450
Capital assets being depreciated: Collection facilities Treatment facilities Disposal facilities General administrative facilities Wastewater reclamation facility	67,84 3,74 2,96 14,96	29,343 48,328 43,731 64,049 66,485 51,936	\$	61,840 160,185 29,181 37,404 288,610	\$		\$ 434,042 78,127 79,958 592,127		23,025,225 68,086,640 3,743,731 2,993,230 15,083,847 112,932,673
Less accumulated depreciation	33,38	83,437	_	3,261,098					36,644,535
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 78,60	68,499	\$	(2,972,488)	\$	-	\$ 592,127	\$	76,288,138
Net capital assets	\$ 79,14	46,089	\$	(2,228,501)	\$		\$ 	\$	76,917,588

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2015	 Additions	R	etirements	-	rior-Period djustment	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2016	 Within Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	118,232 2,759,210	\$ 161,680 1,166,083	\$	124,051 1,186,192	\$	7	\$	155,861 2,739,101	\$ -
Total long-term liabilities	\$	2,877,442	\$ 1,327,763	\$	1,310,243	\$		\$	2,894,962	\$ 
	J	Balance uly 1, 2014	Additions	R	etirements		rior-Period djustment	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2015	Within Year
State revolving fund loan Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	148,013 132,652 372,933	\$ 172,944 1,375,459	\$	148,013 187,364 2,201,035	\$	3,211,853	\$	118,232 2,759,210	\$ 
Total long-term liabilities	312	653,598	1,548,403	-	2,536,412	23	3,211,853		2,877,442	\$

#### NOTE 6 - NET POSITION

There are three main components of net position: Net Investment in Capital Assets, restricted and unrestricted. Net Investment in Capital Assets represents the District's capital assets net of depreciation that are unencumbered by debt. Restricted net position consists of amounts that have legal restrictions imposed by parties outside of the reporting entity.

Unrestricted net position is a catchfall for all remaining net position not accounted for in the other two categories.

The following is included in Restricted Net Position:

### Reserve for Plant Capacity Expansion

This reserve is related to that portion of the District's net position attributable to capacity expansion connection fees. Such fees can only be used for plant expansion. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, this reserve was \$5,810,232 and \$5,022,344, respectively.

## NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is a member of the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority ("Authority"). The following disclosures are made in compliance with GASB Code Section J50.103:

## A. Description of Joint Powers Authority

The Authority is comprised of 60 members and is organized under a Joint Exercise Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance and risk management for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

Each member has a representative on the Board of Directors. Officers of the Authority are elected annually by the Board members.

#### NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### B. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

#### General Liability Insurance

Annual deposits are paid by member districts and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member district self-insures at a variable amount for each loss; however, annual premiums are set such that this self-insured retention level is funded on an annual basis through required premiums. Participating districts then share in the next shared pool layer per loss occurrence. Specific coverage includes comprehensive and general automotive liability, personal injury, contractual liability, errors and omissions, sudden and accidental pollution and employment practice liability. Separate deposits are collected from member districts to cover claims between \$0 and \$15,500,000. The pool layer is subject to retrospective adjustment. The District participates in the Authority's General Liability Program.

#### Workers Compensation Insurance

Annual deposits are paid by member districts and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member district has first dollar coverage. Losses in excess of \$750,000 are covered by excess insurance purchased by the participating district, as part of the pool, to a limit of \$1 million per accident. The District participates in the Authority's Workers Compensation Program.

## Property Protection

The District participates in the All Risks, Boiler and Machinery, and Flood Property Protection Program, which is underwritten by five insurance companies. The annual deposits are paid by participating member districts and are based upon value at risk and not subject to retroactive adjustments.

The Insurance Authority establishes claim liabilities based on actuarial estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to the participate in the District's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statue and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided(Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-63	52-67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	7%	
Required employer contribution rates	16.342%	N/A	

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$557,181 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

#### B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$2,739,101 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion share of net pension liability for June 30, 2014, and 2015 was as follows:

Proportion-June 30, 2014	0.04434%
Proportion-June 30, 2015	0.03991%
Change-increase(decrease)	-0.00443%

## NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$(13,626). Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ed Inflows of esources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	557,181	\$ ¥
Changes in assumptions			241,135
Differences between expected and actual experience		25,488	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
retirement plan investments			120,884
Difference in proportions			86,515
Differences in actual contributions and proportionate			TASTINGUIS
share of contributions		14,595	
	\$	597,264	\$ 448,534

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

\$557,181 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2017	\$ (197,098)
2018	(195,647)
2019	(170,225)
2020	154,519
	\$ (408,451)

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% Net Pension Plan Investment
	and Administrative Expenses;
	includes Inflation
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership
	Data for all Funds (1)
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until
Increase	Purchasing Power Protection Allowance
	Floor on Purchasing Power applies;
	2.75% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERs' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

#### Changes of Assumptions

GASB No. 68, paragraph 68 states that the long term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expenses. The discount rate was changed from 7.50% (net of administrative expenses in 2014) to 7.65% as of June 30, 2015 to correct the adjustment which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expenses.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, including PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB No. 68 section.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB No. 67 and No. 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits were calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% was used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% was used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.65 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease 6.65%		Discount Rate 7.65%		1% Increase 8.65%		
District's proportionate share of the net								
pension plan liability	\$	4,593,664	\$	2,739,101	\$	1,207,944		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

## C. Payable to Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the District had no amount outstanding for contributions to the pension plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## A. Plan Description

The District provides other post employment benefits (OPEB) through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Fund (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefits are provided to employees who retire at age 50 or older with five years of eligible CalPERS service. Coverage is also provided to eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses. These benefits are provided per contract between the District and the employee associations. Separate financial statements of the CERBT may be obtained by writing to CalPERS at Lincoln Plaza North 400 Q Street, Sacramento, and CA 95814 or by visiting the CalPERS website at <a href="https://www.calpers.ca.gov">www.calpers.ca.gov</a>.

## B. Funding Policy

In 2009, the District joined the CalPERS medical program. In 2016, the District contributed the full cost of retiree and spousal coverage, up to the cost of PERS Choice coverage in comparison to the "unequal contribution" approach that was used at the inception of the CalPERS medical program. The District's contribution will be based on each retiree's age and enrollment status. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

A contribution of \$270,970 was made during the 2015-2016 fiscal year. The District calculated and recorded a net OPEB obligation, representing the difference between the annual required contribution (ARC) and actual contributions, as presented below:

	2016	2015
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 290,853	\$ 186,049
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(38,896)	13,955
Adjustment to ARC	20,380	(6,957)
Annual OPEB cost	272,337	193,047
Contributions made	(270,970)	(240,646)
(Decrease) increase in net OPEB obligation	1,367	(47,599)
Net OPEB Obligation (asset) - Beginning of fiscal year	(303,964)	(256,365)
Net OPEB Obligation (asset) - end of fiscal year	\$ (302,597)	\$ (303,964)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB (obligation) asset for 2015-2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Con ual OPEB (1 Cost Adju		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	0	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)	
6/30/2014	\$	(159,942)	\$	199,246	N/A	\$	(256,365)	
6/30/2015	\$	193,047	\$	240,646	124.66%	\$	(303,964)	
6/30/2016	\$	272,337	\$	270,970	99.50%	\$	(302,597)	

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### C. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the District are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress below presents multiyear information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Only two years are presented as there is no complete multiyear trend information to present.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in the actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.28% discount rate and a 3.25% annual increase in payroll.

Investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment return on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated, was based on the funded level of the plan at valuation date, and annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.0% to 8.3%. The actuarial value of assets is set equal to the reported fair value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015, was twenty-four years. The number of active participants is 37.

#### NOTE 10 – WASTEWATER RECLAMATION PROJECT

The District entered into an agreement, dated October 15, 1990, with the Goleta Water District for construction and operation of a wastewater reclamation project. The project provides for additional treatment of the District's wastewater and to distribute the resulting reclaimed wastewater for use by the Goleta Water District's customers.

The District agreed to provide the additional treatment facilities, which are integrated into the current treatment plant. The Goleta Water District agreed to provide the pumping and distribution facilities for the delivery of the reclaimed water.

The District has provided the site for the Reclamation Facility. The Reclamation Facility is designed to have a treatment, storage, and pumping capacity of 3.3 million gallons per day.

The agreement with the Goleta Water District provides that the Goleta Water District ultimately pay all the costs associated with the design and construction of the project, as well as the operation costs once the facility is completed. The Goleta Water District has the right to the water produced, with certain options.

The project was substantially complete and officially placed in service in August 1994.

#### NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. LAND PURCHASE RESTRICTIONS

On December 23, 1980, the District acquired twenty-eight (28) acres of land adjacent to the original plant site for the construction of various structures, ponds and sludge lagoons for the plant expansion project. The acquisition is subject to the condition that should the District or its successors at any time within fifty-nine (59) years cease to use the land, as defined in the deed, for the operation of a wastewater treatment plant for a continuous period of one (1) year, and the land will revert to the seller or its successor, at the acquisition price.



## GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's post employment healthcare benefits.

### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll
1/1/2010	\$ 272,130	\$2,773,266	\$2,501,136	10%	\$ 2,521,908	99%
7/1/2011	\$ 681,082	\$2,434,225	\$1,753,143	28%	\$ 2,610,175	67%
7/1/2013	\$1,056,765	\$2,344,941	\$1,288,176	45%	\$ 2,502,533	51%
7/1/2015	\$1,526,856	\$3,620,843	\$2,093,987	42%	\$ 2,378,509	88%
1/1/2010 7/1/2011 7/1/2013	\$ 272,130 \$ 681,082 \$1,056,765	\$2,773,266 \$2,434,225 \$2,344,941	\$ 2,501,136 \$ 1,753,143 \$ 1,288,176	10% 28% 45%	\$ 2,521,908 2,610,175 2,502,533	99% 67% 51%

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Years\*

As of June 30, 2016

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's Pension Plan.

	2016			2015		
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.03991%		0.04434%		
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,739,101	\$	2,759,210		
Covered- employee payroll	\$	2,378,509	\$	2,309,232		
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		115.16%		119.49%		
Plan's total pension liability	\$	31,771,217,402	\$ :	30,829,966,631		
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 24,907,305,871		\$ 24,607,502,515			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.40%		79.82%		

<sup>\*-</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's Pension Plan.

	<u> </u>	2016		2015		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	400,362	\$	357,201		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	392,036 (8,326)	\$	(398,321) (41,120)		
Covered- employee payroll	\$	2,526,857	\$	2,378,509		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.51%		16.75%		
Notes to Schedule						
Valuation Date:	6/30	/2014				
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:						
Discount Rate	7.50	%				
Inflation	2.75	%				
Salary Increases	Vari	Varies by Entry Age and Service				
Investment Rate of Return	and A	6 Net of Pensic Administrative ades Inflation		lan Investment penses;		
Mortality Rate Table (1)		ved using CalF for all Funds	PER	S' Membership		
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Purc Floo	tract COLA up hasing Power I r on Purchasin % thereafter	Prot	ection Allowance		
(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERs' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the 2014 experience study report.						
44 4 74 12 1	200	125 CO1025				

## Changes in assumptions

Valuation Date:

The discount rate was changes from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent for and adjustment to exclude administrative expense.

6/30/2015

<sup>\*-</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.